Data Supplement for Venkatesan and Rabinowitz, Apathy and Depression Among People Aging With Traumatic Brain Injury: Relationships to Cognitive Performance and Psychosocial Functioning, J Neuropsychiatry Clin Neurosci (doi: 10.1176/appi.neuropsych.20230082).

**Table S1**. Descriptive statistics for cognitive<sup>1</sup> and psychosocial variables.

N = 106	Mean [SD]
Episodic memory <sup>2</sup>	-1.25 [1.03]
Processing speed <sup>3</sup>	92 [1.07]
Executive functioning <sup>4</sup>	57 [1.16]
QOLIBRI	67.4 [16.5]
PART-O	1.74 [.682]

SD = standard deviation. QOLIBRI = Quality of Life After Brain Injury questionnaire. PART-O = Participation Assessment with Recombined Tools-Objective. <sup>1</sup>Constituent test measures were age-normed according to their respective test publisher data prior to computation of the domain composites. Where test manuals provided only T-, scaled, or other standardized scores, these were converted to equivalent z-scores so that all cognitive measures were on the same metric. Tests and measures included:

## 2: Hopkins Verbal Learning Test-Revised (Delayed Recall)

(Benedict RHB, Schretlen D, Groninger L, Brandt J. Hopkins Verbal Learning Test - Revised: Normative data and analysis of inter-form and test-retest reliability. *The Clinical Neuropsychologist.* 1998;12(1).)

## Repeatable Battery for the Assessment of Neuropsychological Status (Figure Recall)

(Randolph C, Tierney MC, Mohr E, Chase TN. The Repeatable Battery for the Assessment of Neuropsychological Status (RBANS): preliminary clinical validity. *J Clin Exp Neuropsychol*. 1998;20(3):310-319. doi:10.1076/jcen.20.3.310.823).

## Wechsler Adult Intelligence Scale-IV Processing Speed Index (Coding and Symbol Search subtest total scores)

(Wechsler D. Wechsler Adult Intelligence Scale - Fourth Edition. The Psychological Corporation; 2008.)

Delis-Kaplan Executive Function System Color-Word Interference (Interference Total Score) and Verbal Fluency (Letter Fluency Total Score)

(Delis DC, Kaplan E, Kramer JH. *Delis-Kaplan Executive Function System*. The Psychological Corporation; 2001.)